

## SKiiP 192 GDL 170 - 475 CTV

Absolute Maximum Ratings		Values	Units
Symbol	Conditions <sup>1)</sup>		
IGBT & Inverse Diode			
$V_{CES}$		1700	V
$V_{CC}$ <sup>9)</sup>	Operating DC link voltage	1200	V
$I_C$	$T_{heatsink} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	150	A
$T_j$ <sup>3)</sup>	IGBT & Diode	$-40 \dots +150$ °C	
$V_{isol}$ <sup>4)</sup>	AC, 1 min.	3500	V
$I_F$	$T_{heatsink} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	150	A
$I_{FM}$	$T_{heatsink} = 25^\circ\text{C}; t_p < 1\text{ ms}$	300	A
$I_{FSM}$	$t_p = 10\text{ ms}; \text{sin.}, T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1450	A
$I^2$ (Diode)	$t_p = 10\text{ ms}; T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	10,5	KA <sub>S</sub>
Characteristics			
Symbol	Conditions <sup>1)</sup>	min.	typ.
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Driver without power supply	$\geq V_{CES}$	—
$I_{CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} T_j = 25^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} = V_{CES} \quad T_j = 125^\circ\text{C} \end{array} \right.$	—	0,4
$V_{CEsat}$	$I_C = 112\text{ A} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} T_j = 25 \text{ (125)}^\circ\text{C} \\ I_C = 150\text{ A} \quad T_j = 25 \text{ (125)}^\circ\text{C} \end{array} \right.$	—	15
$V_{CEsat}$	$I_C = 150\text{ A} \quad T_j = 25 \text{ (125)}^\circ\text{C}$	—	3,2(4,4)
$C_{CHC}$	per SKiiPPACK AC side	—	0,8
$L_{CE}$	Top (Bottom)	—	15
$t_{d(on)}$	$I_C = 150\text{ A}$ $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ inductive load	$V_{CC} = 1200\text{ V}$	—
$t_{d(on)Driver}$			200
$t_r$			1,0
$t_{d(off)}$			300
$t_{d(off)Driver}$			2
$t_f$			1,0
$E_{on} + E_{off}$	$V_{CC} = 900\text{ V} / 1200\text{ V}$		128/195
Inverse Diode <sup>2)</sup> - inverter			
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 112\text{ A} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} T_j = 25 \text{ (125)}^\circ\text{C} \\ I_F = 150\text{ A} \quad T_j = 25 \text{ (125)}^\circ\text{C} \end{array} \right.$	—	V
$E_{on} + E_{off}$	$I_F = 150\text{ A}; T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	—	mJ
IGBT / Inverse Diode <sup>2)</sup>			
$V_{TO}$	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	—	V
$r_T$	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	—	mΩ
Diode <sup>2)</sup> - brake chopper (BC)			
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 112\text{ A} \quad T_j = 25 \text{ (125)}^\circ\text{C}$	—	V
	$I_F = 150\text{ A} \quad T_j = 25 \text{ (125)}^\circ\text{C}$	—	V
$V_{TO}$	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	—	V
$r_T$	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	—	mΩ
Thermal Characteristics			
$R_{thjh}$	per IGBT	—	K/W
$R_{thjh}$	per diode inverter (BC)	—	K/W
$T_{tp}$ <sup>12)</sup>	Over temperature protection	110	115
$R_{thha}$ <sup>6)</sup>	P16/360 F; $v_{air} = 279\text{ m}^3/\text{h}$	—	°C
$R_{thha}$ <sup>6)</sup>		0,036	K/W
SKiiPPACK protection			
$I_{TRIPSC}$	Short circuit protection	184	A
$I_{TRIPLG}$	Ground fault protection	—	A
$T_{TRIP}$	Overtemperature protection	110	115
$U_{DCTRIP}$ <sup>13)</sup>	U <sub>DC</sub> -protection	1200	1225
		—	1250
Mechanical Data			
Mdc	for DC terminals, SI Units	4	Nm
Mac	for AC terminals, SI Units	8	Nm

## SKiiPPACK®

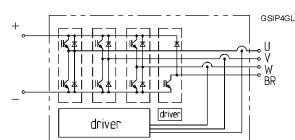
SK integrated intelligent Power PACK

3-phase bridge with brake chopper

SKiiP 192 GDL 170 + Driver 475 CTV <sup>7,13)</sup>

Preliminary Data

Case S5



## Features

- Low thermal impedance
- Optimal thermal management with integrated heatsink
- Pressure contact technology with increased power cycling capability, compact design
- Low stray inductance
- High power, small losses
- Overtemp. protection
- Short circuit protection, due to evaluation of current sensor signals
- Isolated power supply

<sup>1)</sup>  $T_{heatsink} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

<sup>2)</sup> CAL = Controlled Axial Lifetime Technology (soft and fast)

<sup>3)</sup> without driver

<sup>4)</sup> Driver input to DC link/AC output or DC link/AC output to heatsink

<sup>6)</sup> other heatsink on request

<sup>7)</sup> C - integrated current sensors  
T - Temperature protection  
V - 15 V or 24 V power supply

<sup>9)</sup> with SK-DC link (low inductance)

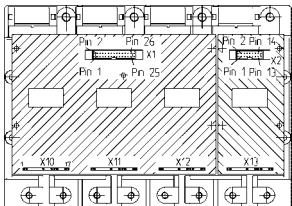
<sup>12)</sup> thermal reference for  $R_{thjh}$ ;  $R_{thha}$

<sup>13)</sup> option available for driver  
U - DC-link voltage sense

**SKiiPPACK®**  
**SK integrated**  
**intelligent Power PACK**  
**3-phase bridge with**  
**brake chopper**

**SKiiP 192 GDL 170  
+ Driver 475 CTV<sup>3,5)</sup>**

## Preliminary Driver Data



## Features

## 3-phase bridge

- CMOS compatible inputs
  - Short circuit protection by evaluation of current sensor signals
  - Drive interlock top/bottom
  - Isolation by transformers
  - Supply undervoltage protection
  - Overtemperature protection
  - Upc-monitoring (option)

## Features

### **brake chopper**

- Short circuit protection by  $V_{CE}$  monitoring and soft switch off
  - Self controlled switching
  - Supply undervoltage protection
  - Overtemperature protection

## **SKiiP 192 GDL 170 - 475 CTV**

### **Driver for 3-phase bridge and brake chopper**

Absolute Maximum Ratings		3-phase bridge	brake chopper		
Symbol	Conditions	Values		Units	remark
V <sub>S1</sub>	supply voltage primary	18		V	
V <sub>S2</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	supply voltage primary	30		V	
I <sub>outmax</sub>	output peak current max.	± 10	± 1,5	A	
I <sub>outAV</sub>	output average current	± 50	± 90	mA	
f <sub>swmax</sub>	switching frequency max.	20	5	kHz	
dV/dt	rate of rise and fall of voltage (secondary to primary side)	75	50	kV/μs	
V <sub>isol IO</sub>	Isol. test volt. IN/OUT (RMS; 1 min)	3,5		kV~	
V <sub>isol 12</sub>	Isol. test volt. OUT1-OUT2	1,7		kV=	
T <sub>op</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	operating / stor. temperature	– 25 ... + 85		°C	
Characteristics (Ta = 25 °C)				Units	
Symbol	Conditions	Values		Units	remark
V <sub>S1</sub>	supply voltage primary	15,0 ± 4 %		V	
V <sub>S2</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	supply voltage primary	24,0		V	+25%/-15%
V <sub>UVs</sub>	supply undervolt. monitoring	13,5		V	
V <sub>UVs</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	supply undervolt. monitoring	19,5	16	V	
I <sub>S01</sub>	sup.current pr.side (standby)	340	67	mA	
I <sub>S02</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	sup.current pr.side (standby)	250	67	mA	
I <sub>S1</sub>	sup. current pr.side (max) at f <sub>swmax</sub>	720 + $\frac{3 \cdot I_{AC}^{(6)}}{1000}$	77	mA	
I <sub>S2</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	sup. current pr.side (max) at f <sub>swmax</sub>	510 + $\frac{3 \cdot I_{AC}^{(6)}}{1350}$	77	mA	
V <sub>iT+</sub>	input thresh. volt. (high) min	11,2		V	
V <sub>iT-</sub>	input thresh. volt. (low) max.	5,4		V	
V <sub>GE(on)</sub>	turn-on output gate voltage	15		V	
V <sub>GE(off)</sub>	turn-off output gate voltage	– 7	0	V	
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	propagation delay time on	1,0	< 20	μs	typ.
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	propagation delay time off	1,0	< 25	μs	typ.
t <sub>TD</sub>	dead time of interlock	2,2		μs	typ.
V <sub>CEstat</sub>	VCE-thresh. st. monitoring	–	6,5	V	typ.
V <sub>OL</sub> <sup>2)</sup>	logic low output voltage	< 0,6			15 mA sink 2,5mA sink
V <sub>oh</sub> <sup>2)</sup>	logic high output voltage	max. 30		V	
V <sub>RESET L</sub>	Input voltage RESET Low	< 2		V	
V <sub>RESET H</sub>	Input voltage RESET High	> 12		V	
V <sub>IL</sub>	logic low input volt. Chop. ext. ON	< 5		V	> 5 mA
V <sub>ih</sub>	logic high input volt. Chop. ext. ON	> 11,5		V	< 1 mA
t <sub>pdon-error</sub>	propag. delay time-on error	1	< 60	μs	
t <sub>p RESET</sub>	min. pulse width error	8		μs	
	memory RESET		300	ms	
T <sub>TRIP</sub>	max. temperature	115 ± 5		°C	
I <sub>AOmax</sub>	max. output current	± 5		mA	pin 13/20/ 22/24/26
U <sub>TRIPSC</sub>	overcurrent trip level	10	-	V	10 V=
U <sub>DCTRIP</sub>	overvoltage trip level	9	-	V	125 % ic 9V = 1200V; using opt. "I"

1) 24 V - power supply

2) ZT V power supply  
Open collector output, external pull-up resistor necessary

3) pull-up resistor necessary  
 C - integrated current sensors  
 T - Temperature protection

5) V - 15 V or 24 V power supply option available for driver

6) Option available for driver  
U - DC-link voltage sense  
I<sub>AC</sub> - AC-current per phase

I<sub>AC</sub> - AC-current per phase